

1. ~~Dr. Martin~~  
2. ~~M. Morley Pany A 419~~

H A V E R H I L L    U R B A N    D I S T R I C T

in the

ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY OF WEST SUFFOLK

A N N U A L    R E P O R T

of the

M E D I C A L    O F F I C E R    O F    H E A L T H

for the year

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CONFIDENTIAL - SECURITY INFORMATION

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# ANNUAL REPORT

of the

Medical Officer of Health for the Urban District of  
Haverhill in the County of West Suffolk for the year  
ended the 31st December, 1961.

Public Health Department,  
Severals House,  
Newmarket.

November, 1962.

To the Chairman and Members of  
the Haverhill Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present the Annual Report for the year 1961.

During the year only one infant died under the age of one year as compared with an Infant Mortality Rate for the country as a whole of 21.4 deaths per 1,000 live births.

Sanitary conditions in the Urban District continued to be satisfactory during the year under review.

I wish to express appreciation of the help afforded me in compiling the Report by the Clerk of the Council, the Public Health Inspector and the Engineer and Surveyor.

My thanks are also offered to the Chairman and all members of the Public Health Committee for their very real help and encouragement throughout the year.

I have the honour to be,

Your obedient Servant,

A. FARNILL MORGAN

Medical Officer of Health.

## SECTION A

### GENERAL STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS

Area of the District .....	2,530 acres
Rateable Value (as at 31.3.61) .....	£46,688
Sum represented by a Penny Rate .....	£188 - 13 - 7d.
Rates .....	£1 - 2 - 9d.
(county Rate 14s 3d, U.D.C. Rate 8s 6d)	
Number of inhabited houses .....	2,057
Population - Censu 1961 .....	5,446

The industrial activities of the district are varied and include agriculture, the manufacture of ready made clothing, gloves, mats, textile fabrics, tooth and other brushes, ropes, twine, sacks, waterproof covers, telecommunication equipment, furniture, athletic equipment, sheet metal products, essences, joinery and oil well equipment. There is a large ironworks specialising in general agricultural and motor engineering, electric lighting and heating. The processing of animal feeding stuffs is also carried out.

The town development scheme which is being carried out with the co-operation of the London County Council made further progress during the year when firms engaged in the manufacture of jewellery, signs, architectural ironwork, abrasives, ladders and non-ferrous castings, light engineering and specialist packing occupied new factories in the town.



# SECTION B

## EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR

(Figures in brackets relate to the previous year)

<u>LIVE BIRTHS</u>						<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Legitimate ..	..	..	..	..	..	(49) 48	(54) 58	(103) 106
Illegitimate..	..	..	..	..	..	(2) 2	(1) 4	(3) 6
Totals						(51) 50	(55) 62	(106) 112

Live birth rate per 1,000 population ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(21.3) 20.0
Corrected birth rate (Comparability Factor 0.92)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(20.2) 18.4
Live birth rate per 1,000 population (England & Wales) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(17.1) 17.4
Illegitimate live births per cent of total live births ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(2.8) 5.4

<u>STILL BIRTHS</u>						<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Legitimate ..	..	..	..	..	..	(1) -	(2) -	(3) -
Illegitimate ..	..	..	..	..	..	(-) -	(-) -	(-) -
Totals						(1) -	(2) -	(3) -

Stillbirth rate per 1,000 total live and still births ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(27.5) -
Stillbirth rate per 1,000 total live and still births (Eng.&Wales)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(19.7) 18.7

<u>TOTAL LIVE AND STILL BIRTHS.</u>						<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Legitimate ..	..	..	..	..	..	(50) 48	(56) 58	(106) 106
Illegitimate..	..	..	..	..	..	(2) 2	(1) 4	(3) 6
Totals						(52) 50	(57) 62	(109) 112

<u>DEATHS</u>						<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Death rate per 1,000 population ..	..	..	..	..	..	(28) 32	(38) 30	(66) 62
Corrected death rate (Comparability factor 1.00)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(13.2) 11.1
Death rate per 1,000 population (England & Wales)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(12.3) 11.1
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(11.5) 12.0

INFANT MORTALITY. - Deaths of infants under one year of age.

						<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Legitimate ..	..	..	..	..	..	(-) -	(-) 1	(-) 1
Illegitimate..	..	..	..	..	..	(-) -	(-) -	(-) -
Totals						(-) -	(-) 1	(-) 1

## INFANT MORTALITY RATES

Total infant deaths per 1,000 total live births ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(-) 8.9
Total infant deaths per 1,000 total live births (Eng. & Wales)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(21.7) 21.4
Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(-) 9.4
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(-) -

## NEO-NATAL MORTALITY RATE

Deaths under 4 weeks per 1,000 total live births ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(-) 8.9
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## MATERNAL MORTALITY

Number of deaths (including abortion) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(-) -
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Adjusted Birth and Death Rates for the last five years :

				<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	<u>1960</u>	<u>1961</u>
Birth Rates ..	..	..	..	18.2	16.0	17.9	20.2	18.4
Death Rates ..	..	..	..	10.3	11.3	11.9	12.3	11.1





CAUSES OF DEATH AT ALL AGES

	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cancer (all types) .....	3	4	7
Diabetes .....	1	—	1
Vascular lesions of nervous system .....	5	5	10
Coronary disease, angina .....	12	6	18
Other Heart disease .....	1	4	5
Other circulatory disease .....	1	1	2
Influenza .....	—	1	1
Pneumonia .....	2	4	6
Bronchitis .....	2	1	3
Gastritis, enteritis, diarrhoea .....	—	1	1
Nephritis and nephrosis .....	2	—	2
Other defined and ill-defined diseases ...	3	1	4
Suicide .....	—	2	2
Total .....	32	30	62

SECTION C

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA

Public Health Officers of the Authority :

- (a) Dr. A. Farnill Morgan, M.B.,B.S.,L.R.C.P.,L.R.C.S.,L.R.F.P.S.,D.P.H.  
Whole time Medical Officer of Health (is also M.O.H. to several other  
Local Authorities)
- (b) Mr. E. S. Gilbert, A.M.I.Mun.E., A.M.I.P.H.E.,  
Engineer and Surveyor.
- (c) Mr. R. Banks, M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I., A.I.P.H.E.,  
Public Health Inspector and Housing Officer.

Hospitals.

There are no hospitals within the area.

Ambulance Facilities.

The West Suffolk County Council are responsible for the ambulance services.

Nursing in the Home.

District Nurses are available for nursing and midwifery duties.

Infant Welfare.

A welfare clinic is held weekly on Fridays and is provided by the West Suffolk County Council.





## SECTION D

### PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

The number of notifications received during the last ten years as compared with 1961 is shown in the following table :-

	<u>.51</u>	<u>.52</u>	<u>.53</u>	<u>.54</u>	<u>.55</u>	<u>.56</u>	<u>.57</u>	<u>.58</u>	<u>.59</u>	<u>.60</u>	<u>.61</u>
Diphtheria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scarlet Fever	4	4	1	-	10	15	3	4	-	5	6
Erysipelas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Puerperal Pyrexia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ophthalmia neonatorum	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Measles	31	7	136	28	4	133	9	85	11	2	191
Whooping Cough	13	-	1	-	1	-	40	5	5	2	27
Pneumonia	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	5	7	2	2
Poliomyelitis (Paralytic)	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
	49	12	138	28	15	148	53	100	23	11	227

No deaths resulted from any form of diphtheria, syphilitic disease, whooping cough, poliomyelitis or measles.

### ANALYSIS OF NOTIFIABLE DISEASES

	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Scarlet Fever	3	3	6
Measles	103	88	191
Whooping Cough	12	15	27
Pneumonia	1	1	2
Erysipelas	-	1	1

## SECTION E

### TUBERCULOSIS

Two new cases of pulmonary tuberculosis were notified during the year.

There were no deaths from any form of tuberculosis.

#### Tuberculosis Register

	<u>Pulmonary</u>		<u>Non-Pulm.</u>		
	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
1. Cases at commencement 1961	8	10	1	1	20
2. First notified during 1961	2	-	-	-	2
3. Restored to Register	-	-	-	-	-
4. Added by transfers	1	3	-	-	4
5. Cases removed from Register	-	1	-	-	1
6. Remaining at end of 1961	11	12	1	1	25



## SECTION F

### WATER SUPPLY :

The Waterworks is situated in Camps Road, approximately  $\frac{3}{4}$  mile from the centre of the town in a westerly direction. The floor level of the pumphouse is 279.50 feet above Ordnance Datum, and the floor of the new pumphouse which houses the vertical centrifugal pump is 274.00 feet above Ordnance Datum. The supply is obtained from below the chalk stratum through boreholes. There is a well 7 feet in diameter and 103 feet deep, from the base of which two headings are taken each 25 feet long running in approximately north and south directions. There are three boreholes, one 9 inches in diameter at the bottom of the well and extending to a depth of 250 feet from the surface level, a further one through the southerly heading  $10\frac{1}{8}$  inch diameter, and another of 18 inch diameter taken through the northerly heading to depths of 350 and 360 feet respectively from surface level.

### EQUIPMENT :

In 1951 a Sulzer vertical spindle centrifugal pump was installed in the 18 inch borehole, and this raises approximately 11,000 gallons of water per hour and is powered by a 37 h.p. electric motor.

The old Tangye diesel driven reciprocating pump has been replaced with a Harland electrically operated submersible pump, capable of pumping 15,000 gallons per hour. This pump has been installed in the  $10\frac{1}{8}$  inch diameter borehole and since the latter months of 1957 has been used to pump the larger proportion of the total water requirements of the town. A pumping test was undertaken on this pump in November, 1957 when a discharge of between 15,000 and 16,000 gallons per hour was maintained over a period of 48 hours. There was no appreciable drop in water level during the period of the test and the water rose over 70 feet within three minutes of the cessation of pumping. Unfortunately during the past two years the yield from these boreholes has fallen off and in order to safeguard the present supply position the Council have instructed their Consultants, Messrs. Howard Humphreys & Sons to proceed with a further borehole in the vicinity of the present Waterworks so that the Council will have three boreholes and associated pumping equipment.

All water is treated with chlorine before entering the town mains.

The water is pumped from the boreholes to a surface reservoir situated some 270 yards from the pumphouses which has a capacity of 150,000 gallons and a top water level of 350 feet above Ordnance Datum. This reservoir is not sufficiently elevated nor has adequate capacity to supply future development and the provision of increased surface storage accommodation is planned and a water tower giving additional storage capacity of 150,000 gallons is nearing construction through the Council's Consultants, Messrs. Howard Humphreys and Sons, as an integral part of their water supply proposals to serve the expanded town.

The present abstraction licence is 300,000 gallons per day and application has been made to the Minister to extend this to 400,000 gallons per day. In view of the steady increase of population and consumption per head of the population together with industrial needs the Council are negotiating to extend the supply undertaking.

Two small water main reinforcement schemes are under way to improve the supply to the industrial estate and the Hamlet Green area.

The number of dwelling houses connected to the water mains is as follows:-

(a) Within the U.D.C. area .....2,100  
(includes uninhabited houses)

(b) Outside the area ..... 20

Approximate length of mains ..... 12 miles

Number of houses not connected to the mains ..... 7  
(not within a reasonable distance of the mains)

The approximate proportion of houses supplied by standpipes  
(within the curtilage of the houses) ..... 3%





## PURITY OF THE WATER :

Samples are sent annually for chemical and monthly for bacteriological examination. There has been little or no variation from the standard type of report which is reproduced here and no tendency to plumbo-solvency has been indicated.

(a) The following is a copy of a chemical examination of a sample of water carried out by the Counties Public Health Laboratories, Victoria Street, London, S.W.1.

### HAVERHILL URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

#### THE COUNTIES PUBLIC HEALTH LABORATORIES REPORT

Analysis of a sample of water from Haverhill Urban District Council  
9th January, 1962, labelled "Tap at Council Offices, Swan Lane, Haverhill"  
Source - Borehole.

#### CHEMICAL RESULTS EXPRESSED IN PARTS PER MILLION

Appearance ..... bright with a few particles. Turbidity .... less than 3.  
Colour ..... Nil. Odour ..... Nil. Taste ....-.. pH ..... 7.4  
Free Carbon Dioxide ..... 22. Electric Conductivity ..... 870.  
Alkalinity as CaCO<sub>3</sub> ..... 295.

Ca	Mg	Na	K	CO <sub>3</sub>	SO <sub>4</sub>	Cl	NO <sub>3</sub>	SiO <sub>2</sub>	Hypothetical Combinations
144	24	29	5.9	177	157	44	10	28	
118 26	24	25 4	5.9	177	62 95	39 5	10	28	Calcium Carb. 295 Calcium Sulph. 88 Mag. Sulph. 119 Sodium Chlor. 64 Sodium Nitrate 14 Pot. Chlor. 11 Silica 28 Difference 11
Dissolved Solids dried at 180°C.									630

Hardness - Total\* .... 460. Carbonate ..... 295. Non-Carbonate .... 165  
Nitrate Nitrogen ..... 2.3. Nitrite Nitrogen ..... Absent  
Ammoniacal Nitrogen ..... 0.000. Oxygen absorbed ..... 0.30  
Albuminoid Nitrogen ..... 0.000. Residual chlorine ..... absent  
Metals ..... Iron, Zinc, Copper & Lead - absent.  
Fluoride (F) ..... 0.6

\* Calculated from the calcium and magnesium contents.

This sample is practically clear and bright in appearance because it carries only a few particles of matter in suspension.

The water is just on the alkaline side of neutrality, very hard in character but it contains no excess of mineral constituents and it is free from iron and other metals. It is of very satisfactory organic quality.

From the aspect of the chemical analysis and apart from the objection to the high degree of hardness the results are indicative of a pure and wholesome water suitable for public supply purposes.

(Signed) Gordon Miles.

(b) The following is a copy of a bacteriological examination of a sample of water made by the Public Health Laboratory Service, Tennis Court Road, Cambridge.

Nature of Sample : Tap, Haverhill Industrial Co-op. Society, Swan Lane,  
Haverhill.

. Tap, 2 Castle Walk, Haverhill.

Date of collection : 10.5.61.

Date of arrival : 10.5.61.





REPORT    Date of report 12.5.61.

Plate Count. Yeastrel Agar 24 hours 37°C aerobically .....            per ml.

Probable number of coliform bacilli, MacConkey 2 days 37°C.    0 per 100 ml.

Probable number of Bact. Coli (type 1) .....            0 per 100 ml.

(Signed) J. Nagington

WATER CHARGES :

The charges for water are 1s. 7d. per 1,000 gallons with reductions for bulk supplies.

1s.10d. in the £. on the rateable value with a minimum charge of 10s. per annum.

The following show the variations of rest level of the water in the wells, 1956 to 1961 inclusive.

1956	Maximum level, April	..	..	..	..	..	197.00 ft.
	Minimum level, December	..	..	..	..	..	191.00 ft.
1957	Maximum level, March	..	..	..	..	..	195.66 ft.
	Minimum level, December	..	..	..	..	..	184.91 ft.
1958	Maximum level, September	..	..	..	..	..	194.92 ft.
	Minimum level, January	..	..	..	..	..	189.50 ft.
1959	Maximum level, July	..	..	..	..	..	199.11 ft.
	Minimum level, November	..	..	..	..	..	184.60 ft.
1960	Maximum level, August	..	..	..	..	..	203.00 ft.
	Minimum level, November	..	..	..	..	..	185.08 ft.
1961	Maximum level, July	..	..	..	..	..	201.50 ft.
	Minimum level, November	..	..	..	..	..	183.72 ft.

The average daily consumption of water per head was 37 gallons.

Rainfall as registered by the rain gauge at the Waterworks during the last five years, as compared with 1961.

	<u>1961</u>	<u>1960</u>	<u>1959</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1957</u>	<u>1956</u>
January	2.55	2.40	2.61	2.07	1.13	2.71
February	2.50	1.38	0.22	2.62	1.95	0.76
March	0.26	1.53	2.00	0.72	1.32	0.70
April	1.90	0.36	2.08	0.89	0.09	1.11
May	1.39	0.89	0.78	2.20	0.67	0.58
June	1.62	1.63	1.26	5.79	1.65	1.78
July	1.18	3.29	3.29	3.24	2.56	1.95
August	2.70	3.94	0.61	3.23	2.05	4.81
September	2.50	3.90	0.07	2.95	2.81	1.84
October	3.21	6.04	1.68	1.86	1.94	2.11
November	1.50	3.29	1.87	1.63	2.23	0.97
December	2.75	4.00	4.60	2.79	1.71	2.13
	<u>24.06</u>	<u>32.65</u>	<u>21.07</u>	<u>29.99</u>	<u>20.11</u>	<u>21.45</u>

OPEN-AIR SWIMMING BATH :

This was constructed in 1930, is well situated in the centre of the town, the dimensions are 75 ft. by 30 ft. with a maximum depth of 7 ft. 0 ins. In 1938 a Filtration and Chlorination plant was installed which has worked very efficiently.



This year the Council's staff constructed a very successful junior pool 40 ft. x 20 ft. with depth from 1'6" to 3'0" to relieve congestion in the larger pool during busy periods and to help the early teaching of swimming to schools.

The charges are 17/6d. for Adult Season Ticket Holders and 10/- full season, 5/- half season for Juniors, 1s. for Adults and 6d for Juniors' admission. 15 adult and 187 full season and 5 half season Junior Season tickets were sold. In addition, 1,365 Adults and 5,565 Juniors paid for admission.

Morning periods are reserved for the use of schools during the summer term, and one evening each week is reserved for the Swimming Club.

Daily field tests are carried out on the bath water and regular bacteriological tests are carried out showing a regular high standard of water.

COPY OF REPORT

PUBLIC HEALTH LABORATORY SERVICE

(Directed by the Medical Research Council for the Ministry of Health)

Nature of Sample: From the large bath at The Pightle, Haverhill.

Date and hour of collection: 27.6.61. 10.55 a.m.

Date and hour of arrival : 27.6.61. 3.15 p.m.

REPORT

Date of Report 29.6.61

Plate Count. Yeastrel agar 24 hours 37°C aerobically ..... 0 per ml.

Probable number of coliform bacilli,  
MacConkey 2 days, 27°C ..... 0 per 100 ml.

" " Bact. coli (type 1) ..... 0 per 100 ml.

(Signed) J. Nagington.

Nature of Sample: From the Swimming Bath - Small Bath, The Pightle.

Date and hour of collection: 27.6.61. 10.50 a.m.

Date and hour of arrival : 27.6.61. 3.15 p.m.

REPORT

Date of Report 29.6.61.

Plate Count. Yeastrel agar 24 hours 37°C aerobically ..... 1 per ml.

Probable number of coliform bacilli,  
MacConkey 2 days, 37°C ..... 0 per 100 ml.

" " Bact. coli (type 1) ..... 0 per 100 ml.

(Signed) J. Nagington

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SEWERAGE AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL :

The Sewage Disposal works is situated in Coupals Road approximately one mile from the town centre in a south-easterly direction. The sewage gravitates to the Works through an 18 inch diameter outfall sewer, and the sewerage system is partially separate in operation. All but a few outlying houses are served by the Public sewers.

The Disposal Works comprise screening, detritus and stormwater tanks, two collecting and two settling tanks, and two percolating filters, from whence the sewage is finally treated by land irrigation on some 7 acres of land, much of which is under-drained.

This plant has become obsolete and construction is proceeding on a new plant designed by the Council's consulting engineers.





The initial plant will deal with a domestic population of 7,500 plus trade waste, and provision is made for extensions up to the full population envisaged by the town expansion scheme.

The new plant will comprise storm tanks, screening equipment, primary sedimentation tanks, filters, humus tanks and land filtration together with pumping plant. Sludge will be treated in cold digestion tanks with drying beds with mono-rail removal.

This effluent discharges into the Stour brook which is a small stream and a tributary of the River Stour. The standard of effluent which has been attained throughout the year has been very unsatisfactory due to the overloading of the present Works and the fact that much of the plant is now obsolete and in a very poor condition.

The outline scheme for the reconstruction of the Works was prepared by the Council's Consultants and approved by the Ministry of Housing and Local Government following a local investigation. The laying of a new 21 inch diameter outfall sewer has been completed. The detailed scheme to serve a population of 7,500 persons as the first stage was prepared during 1960 and commenced in 1961 and it is hoped that the work will be completed by the end of 1962.

Number of dwelling houses connected to the sewers .....	2054
Number of dwelling houses not connected to the sewers (not within a reasonable distance of a public sewer) .....	53

REFUSE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL :

Collection of refuse is undertaken from some 2,120 domestic and commercial premises. In most cases the collection is made weekly but in the case of a few outlying properties on the outskirts of the town a fortnightly collection operates. The Council purchased a Shelvoke and Drewry fore and aft tipper in April, 1957, with a cubic capacity of 16 - 18 cu. yds., which is operating very efficiently.

The disposal of the refuse is undertaken by tipping in a disused pit, situated approximately one mile from the town centre in a south-easterly direction. This should cater for the town's needs until approximately 1963.





PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTIONS OF THE AREA

Number of visits and inspections..	..	..	..	..	1359
(The above inspections are divided into:)					
Dwelling houses (Housing Act)	..	..	..	..	9
Dwelling houses (Public Health Act)	..	..	..	..	68
Butchers' shops and manufacturing premises	..	..	..	..	15
Food stalls and vehicles	..	..	..	..	198
Dairies	..	..	..	..	3
Bakehouses	..	..	..	..	4
Cafes, Restaurants	..	..	..	..	7
Other food shops	..	..	..	..	18
Slaughterhouses	..	..	..	..	287
Rodent Infestation	..	..	..	..	2
Water supplies	..	..	..	..	25
Visits re Council house tenancies etc.	..	..	..	..	263
Petroleum installations	..	..	..	..	34
Clean Air Act, 1956	..	..	..	..	26
Drainage	..	..	..	..	32
Factories	..	..	..	..	92
Shops	..	..	..	..	9
Swimming Baths	..	..	..	..	6
Miscellaneous visits	..	..	..	..	103
Explosives Acts 1875 and 1923	..	..	..	..	17
Outworkers' premises	..	..	..	..	56
Moveable dwellings	..	..	..	..	29
Agriculture (Safety, Health & Welfare Provisions) Act, 1956	..	..	..	..	7
Complaints investigated	..	..	..	..	37
Infectious disease enquiries	..	..	..	..	6
Verminous premises	..	..	..	..	6
Number of Statutory Notices	..	..	..	..	Nil
Number of Informal Notices	..	..	..	..	6

HOUSING.

During the year 7 4-bedroom houses, 124 3-bedroom houses, 45 2-bedroom houses and 70 garages were completed.

At the end of the year the Council owned :

19	4-bedroom houses
630	3-bedroom houses
220	2-bedroom houses
42	2-bedroom bungalows
20	1-bedroom bungalows
7	bedsitter bungalows
36	2-bedroom flats
16	1-bedroom flats
16	bedsitter flats
10	prefabricated 2-bedroom bungalows
5	other houses purchases by the Council
2	shops
176	garages

Total 1021 dwellings + 2 shops + 176 garages



DETAILS OF MEAT CONDEMNED

PIGS :-

54 heads .....	Tuberculosis
27 sets of lungs .....	Pneumonia
5 plucks .....	Pneumonia
3 sets of lungs .....	Abscessed
10 plucks .....	Pleurisy
5 plucks .....	Cirrhosis
8 livers .....	Cirrhosis
1 pluck .....	Pericarditis
5 flare fats and kidneys .....	Peritonitis
1 liver .....	Milk Spot
1 carcase and organs .....	Carcinoma
1 carcase and organs .....	Moribund
1 carcase and organs .....	Fevered flesh
4 lbs carcase meat .....	Injuries
25 lbs carcase meat .....	Abscessed

SHEEP :-

1 carcase and organs .....	Septicaemia
2 carcasses and organs .....	Generalised emaciation
1 pluck .....	Parasitic
16 lbs carcase meat .....	Injuries

CATTLE :-

1 Bullock's carcase and organs .....	Peritonitis
1 Bullock's carcase and organs .....	Generalised Septicaemia
1 Heifer's carcase and organs .....	Generalised Septicaemia
1 set of lungs .....	Pneumonia
1 set of lungs .....	Abscessed
2 livers .....	Abscesses
96 lbs carcase meat .....	Bruising and Injuries
71 lbs carcase meat .....	Bruising and Injuries

Total weight of meat condemned during the year amounted to 4111 lbs.



CARCASES AND OFFAL INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED  
IN WHOLE OR IN PART.

	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep	Pigs
Number killed .....	137	31	99	1574	4130
Number inspected .....	137	31	99	1574	4130
<u>All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticercosis.</u>					
Whole carcasses condemned.....	3	-	-	3	3
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned.....	8	3	1	2	68
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticercosis...	8.03	9.68	1.01	0.32	1.72
<u>Tuberculosis only.</u>					
Whole carcasses condemned .....	-	-	-	-	-
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned.....	-	-	-	-	54
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis.....	-	-	-	-	1.31
<u>Cysticercosis.</u>					
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned .....	-	-	-	-	-
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration.....	-	-	-	-	-
Generalised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-





FOOD PREMISES :

Butchers' shops .....	5
Butchers' manufacturing premises .....	5
Bakehouses .....	3
Grocers' and general stores .....	12
Cafes, school kitchens and factory canteens .....	11
Wet and fried fish shops .....	3
Greengrocery .....	5
Sweets, confectionery .....	14
Dairies and pasteurising plants .....	2
Hotels with catering facilities .....	2
Public houses and licensed clubs .....	14
Off licence shops .....	1
Poultry processing premises .....	1

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78

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For the most part, there was the utmost co-operation from members of the food trades in securing compliance with the Food Hygiene (General) Regulations, 1960.



SECTION G

Prescribed Particulars on the administration  
of the  
Factories Act, 1937.

PART 1 of the ACT

Inspections for the purpose of provisions as to health.(including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors).

PREMISES	Number on Register	Number of		
		Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
(i) Factories in which sections 1,2,3,4, and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities.	1	1		
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	51	85		
(iii) Other premises in which section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers premises)	6	6		
Total	58	92	Nil	Nil



Cases in which defects were found.

(If defects are discovered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions they should be reckoned as two, three or more cases)

Particulars	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted
	Found	Remedied	Referred to H.M. Inspector	by H.M. Inspector	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Want of cleanliness (S.1)					
Overcrowding (S.2)					
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)					
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)					
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)					
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)					
(a) Insufficient					
(b) Unsuitable or defective	2	2			
(c) Not separate for sexes					
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)					
Total	2	2			





PART V111 OF THE ACT

OUTWORK - Sections 110 and 111

Section 110				Section 111		
Nature of Work	No. of out-workers in August list required by Section 110 (1) (c)	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council	No. of prosecutions for failure to supply lists	No. of instances of work in unwholesome premises	Notices Served	Prosecutions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Wearing apparel making etc.	32	-	-	-	-	-
Total	32	-	-	-	-	-

SECTION H

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948.

Section 47 - Removal to suitable premises of persons in need of care and assistance.

No case arose during the year calling for action in accordance with this Section of the Act.





